

Hampshire and Isle of Wight Safeguarding Children Partnership and Children's Trust Thresholds Chart – September 2023



Threshold:	1. Universal	2. Early Help	3. Targeted Early Help	4. Children's Social Care (child in need/child in need of protection)	
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The Child or	Has needs met within universal provision.	Has additional needs identified within the setting that	Has multiple needs requiring a multi-agency	Has a high level of unmet and complex needs or is in	
Young Person	May need limited intervention within the	can be met within identified resources through a	coordinated response.	need of protection.	
(maybe unborn):	setting to avoid needs arising.	single-agency response and partnership working.			
	The following circumstances and key indicators are for guidance and should always be considered in respect of the impact on the child or young person				
	including unborn and newborn infants. Each child's case will be individually considered taking into account the child's circumstances and the strengths of the family.				
Circumstances and Key	Developmental Needs of child	Developmental Needs of Child	Developmental Needs of Child	Developmental Needs of Child	
Features:	Achieving age related expectations in	Absence/truancy from school	Persistent absence from school	Chronic persistent or severe absence, permanent	
	education	 Incidence of absence/missing from home 	Missing from school/home regularly	exclusions or no school place that risks entry to the	
	Good attendance at school	Has special educational needs (whether or not they	Has special educational needs (whether or not	care system	
	Meeting developmental milestones	have a statutory Education, Health and Care Plan)	they have a statutory Education, Health and	Is frequently missing/goes missing from care or	
	Has psychological wellbeing	 Is disabled and has specific additional needs 	Care Plan)	from home	
	Socially interactive and skilled	Is a young carer	No access to core services	Persistent social exclusion	
	Ability to protect self and be protected	 Is showing signs of being drawn into antisocial or 	Social exclusion	Poor attachments	
		criminal behaviour including gang involvement and	Poor attachments	Complex/multiple disabilities	
		association with organised crime groups	 Is disabled and has specific additional needs 	Has special educational needs (whether or not	
		Is misusing drugs or alcohol	 Is subject to permanent exclusions/no school 	they have a statutory Education, Health and Care	
		Has previously been in care/returned home to their	place	Plan)	
		family from care	Not in education, employment or training	Actual or suspected bruising or other injury in an	
		Subject to fixed-period suspensions	(NEET)	infant who is not independently mobile	
		At risk of social exclusion	Has returned home to their family from care	A child of any age, who is not independently mobile with bruising or unexplained marks.	
		Has poor attachments Has poor attachments	Developmental milestones not being met due	mobile with bruising or unexplained marks.	
		Language and communication difficulties	to persistent parental failure/inability	Complex mental health issues affecting developmental needs including self-harm	
		Reduced access to core services Detection for becoming NEET (not in education)	 Child is underweight and there is significant concern about lack of nutrition/potential 	High level emotional health issues and very low	
		Potential for becoming NEET (not in education, ampleyment or training)	consequences to their health and wellbeing or	self-esteem	
		employment or training)Potential not to attain	lack of parent/carer engagement	Has recently returned home to their family from	
		Slow in meeting developmental milestones	 Child appears overweight/obese and health 	care	
		 Child appears underweight and there are concerns 	professional confirms that intervention over	Unexplained (Non-organic) failure to thrive	
		about nutrition ¹	time is not impacting and there is concern	Lack of food or very poor diet linked to neglect	
		 Child appears overweight or obese² 	about consistent engagement of	(please see Hampshire and Isle of Wight Neglect	
		Missing health checks/immunisations	parents/carers in support given.	toolkit and Indicators chart)	
		Minor health problems	Chronic/recurring health problems	Child appears overweight/obese and there is	
		Poor self-esteem	Regular missed appointments affecting	imminent severe health risk due to obesity	
		Low level emotional/mental health issues	developmental progress	(medical conditions and psychosocial risks such as	
			Teenage pregnancy	difficulties with physical function, self-esteem or a	

 $^{^{1}}$ Children who appear under or overweight should be referred to a health professional for assessment.

² Children who may be overweight or obese should be referred to a health professional for assessment.

	Inappropriate use of social media (e.g., use of inappropriate images)	 Is misusing drugs or alcohol Problematic sexual behaviour/underage sexual activity Offending/antisocial behaviour resulting in risk of entering the Youth Justice System Emotional/mental health issues including self-harm Is showing signs of being drawn into antisocial or criminal behaviour including gang involvement and association with organised crime groups Inappropriate/problematic use of social media (e.g., sexting/use of inappropriate images) Is at risk of exploitation 	lack of progress at level 3 and parents/carers are consistently failing to engage with support given. Problematic/harmful sexual behaviour Sexually aggressive behaviour Teenage parent or pregnancy under the age of 13 Drug/alcohol use severely impairing development Relationship breakdown between child and parent/carer that risks entry to the care system Offending/antisocial behaviour and in the Youth Justice System Refugee children — defined as separated children seeking asylum or having been granted asylum in the UK. Is at risk of modern slavery, trafficking, missing or exploitation is evidenced Is at risk of being radicalised (PREVENT) or exploited Is a privately fostered child Inappropriate/problematic use of social media (e.g., sexting/use of inappropriate images) Sexual exploitation/abuse (including online)
Family and Environment	Family and Environment	Family and Environment	Family and Environment
 Supportive relationships Housed, good diet and kept hea Supportive networks Access to positive activities 	• Family or household member relies on child for	 Housing tenancy at risk Imminent risk of homelessness Community harassment/discrimination Domestic abuse Relationship breakdown Transient family Is in a family circumstance presenting challenges for the child such as drug and alcohol misuse, adult mental health issues and domestic abuse Community harassment/discrimination Child and adolescent to parent, violence and abuse (CAPVA). Repeated abusive behaviour, that may include physical violence, emotional, economic or sexual abuse and coercive control. Risk of family breakdown and/or siblings at risk due to exposure to the abuse. Poverty and financial hardship affecting child's wellbeing 	 Suspicion of physical, emotional or sexual abuse, or neglect Domestic abuse resulting in child being at risk of significant harm Homeless child/young person Family intentionally homeless Extreme poverty significantly affecting child's wellbeing Forced marriage, Honour-Based Violence, Female Genital Mutilation, Fabricated or Induced Illness (FII) Child and adolescent to parent, violence and abuse (CAPVA). Significant repeated abusive behaviour, that may include physical violence, emotional, economic or sexual abuse and coercive control. Risk of immediate family breakdown and/or siblings at risk of continued physical harm due to the abuse

	Parents and Carers	Parents and Carers	Parents and Carers	Parents and Carers
	 Protected by carers Secure and caring home Receive and act on information, advice and guidance Appropriate boundaries maintained 	 Inconsistent care arrangements Poor supervision by parent/carer Inconsistent parenting Poor response to emerging needs Historic context of parents/carers own childhood Parent or other family member involved in offending behaviour/subject to supervision within the criminal justice system 	 Parental learning or physical disability, substance misuse or mental health issues impact on parenting Inconsistent care arrangements Poor supervision by parent/carer Inconsistent parenting Poor response to identified needs Historic context of parents/carers own childhood Parent or other family member involved in offending behaviour/subject to supervision within the criminal justice system 	 Previous history of child/ren of one or more adult in the household being in care or subject to child protection plans Parental encouragement of abusive/offending behaviour Continuing poor supervision in the home resulting in significant harm or risk of significant harm Parental non-compliance/disguised compliance or cooperation Inconsistent parenting affects child's developmental progress
What Do I Do Next?	Go direct to the family information site: IOW Family Information Hub Hampshire Family Information and Services Hub	Consider Early Help checklist. Referral to agency for support to meet identified needs. For further advice or guidance in respect of Early Help, contact your local Family Support Service.	Early Help assessment to be considered. If you require advice or guidance in respect of the child or young person's needs, submit an Inter-Agency Referral Form to the Children's Reception Team.	Use the Inter-Agency Referral Form to refer to the Children's Reception Team or phone on 0300 300 0117 (Hampshire) 0300 300 0901 (Isle of Wight) if the matter is an urgent safeguarding issue. Alternatively, ring police on 999 if at immediate risk.
Level of Assessment:	No formal assessment	IOW Early Help Information Hampshire Early Help Information	Early Help assessment	Child and Family assessment / child protection (S47) investigation

Refer via Inter-Agency Referral Form (IARF)

Hampshire Professionals Number: 01329 225379

Hampshire Public Number: 0300 555 1384

Isle of Wight Professionals Number: 0300 300 0901
Isle of Wight Public Number: 0300 300 0117

Emergencies: 999

Further Resources:

HIPS Child Sexual Abuse toolkit	HSCP and IOWSCP Neglect toolkit including the Neglect Indicators Chart
HSCP and IOWSCP Safeguarding Adolescent Toolkit	HIPS Adopting a Family Approach Toolkit
Every Sleep Counts IOW SCP and HSCP	Abusive Head Trauma/ICON – HSCP and IOWSCP
Strengthening Parental Relationships Toolkit - HSCP	Child on Child Abuse: addressing-child-on-child-abuse.pdf (farrer.co.uk) as noted in KCSIE 2022 HIPS CSA Toolkit Harmful Sexual Behaviour - Hampshire SCP HIPS Procedures: Child on Child Abuse – Waiting final approval.
Supporting Parental Relationships - IOW Council	Child and Adolescent to Parent Violence and Abuse: <u>CAPVA Respect</u>